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GOLDCOMB

SECOND & NONE
HISTORY
MOTTOES & MAXIMS
WISDOM & MORALITY
HOLD TO THE FAITH

Vol. V. No. 140

ESTABLISHED JANUARY, 1861
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
TUESDAYS & FRIDAYS
(EXCEPTING HOLIDAYS)

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
In time for the Departure of the Mail to the
North and Northwest, write to the East and West.
The large WEEKLY VEDETTE is
published, issued, and ready every Monday
Morning for mailing to Contractors throughout
the States and the Territories.

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Masonic Notice
THE STATE COMMUNION OF M. T. MORIAB
Lodge F. & A. M. No. 11, D. are held at their
Meeting Room, 10th and Main Street, on
Sunday evening of each month.
Sunning and visiting Brothers are invited to
attend. By order of
TENTHRADES MASONIC W. M.
J. M. THURMOND, Secy.

I. O. O. F.
UTAH LODGE No. 1, I. O. O. F., held their
regular meeting at 10:00 P.M. at their
Meeting Room, Thursday evening of each week,
at 7 o'clock. Brothers are cordially invited to
attend. By order of
W. KITTREDGE, N. G.
PETER PORT, Secy.

E. B. Shoebridge,
Commission Merchant and Dealer
—IN—
Groceries, Provisions, etc.
Miners' outfitting Goods,
Opposite Salt Lake House.

SOOTY SOULFIELD has
French Embroideries,
GO TO ELGUTTER'S
TEMPLE OF FASHION
Main Street. NO. 4.
C. King,
Carpenter & Builder
Barber and Renovated Door Factory.
We always have doors, doors, and shades of all
kinds always in his Garage Yard, opposite
Heller and Sayre's Garage. Orders
promptly executed. Timber bought
and sold on commission.
Cash on hand taken in pay-
ment.

H. MORRIS,
DEALER IN
PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,
CITY MARKET,
Please to inform the public that they will find at
his Stand, No. 3 Profs. (next to LITTLE &
GARRETT) All the same lower prices than
elsewhere. Fine Tea, 50 cents a pound less
than everybody else.
Everything in the Provision and
Grocery Line constantly on hand.

MONTANA
Restaurant,
BY
FRANK SMITH,
Three doors below Reed's Drug Store,
East Temple street, Salt Lake City.
Open from 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.
Transient and City patronage solicited.

UNION RESTAURANT,
(Late St. Charles Restaurant.)
Near the Theatre, Salt Lake City.
Mark H. Forsett, Proprietor.

BOARDERS and transient visitors will find
every accommodation at the above establish-
ment, and the tables will be always supplied
with everything the market affords, served in
the most approved style.

House open from 6 A.M. to 11 P.M.
Patronage respectfully solicited.

TUTT & DONNELL,
Wholesale Grocers
and Candy and Sweets
Commission Merchants,

We have a large Fire-proof Stone
and Warehouse corner of Bridge
and Hill streets.

Prompt attention given to consignments
and sale of general merchandise.

Fathers of Brotherhood.
NEW Y. CHOC. FATHERHOOD will have
regular weekly meetings in the
Good Templars Hall at Camp Douglas, U.S.A.
Thursday 7 P.M. all Brothers in
good standing are invited to attend.

S. L. Jacob. S. H. Taylor.
Cash for Wood!

WILLIAM GARNER has hundred cords of
wood delivered at Camp Douglas in April
next. The wood will be cut, split, and ready
and carried up and delivered by the Quartermaster.

W.H. CALMER, March 27th, 1866.

W. H. WHITEHILL,
Three Doors above Salt Lake House,
Dealer in Havana and Domestic Cigars,
Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Stationery,
Notions &c. and also Druggists and Barber
Shop. Books and Toys, and other articles
of general interest.

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The Daily Union Leader.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17 1861.

THE BRASSFIELD VERDICT.

It is now nearly six weeks since the trial of N. Brassfield was assassinated on one of the most public streets of this city. The assassin has not been arrested, although the very large reward of \$4,500 was offered for his arrest and conviction. The newspapers of this city have stated their views of the affair, and the entire country has read them, commented upon them and rendered the verdict—what is it? With the exception of two newspapers, the *Phoenixville Mirror* and *Dexter Gazette*, which are the only newspapers within the United States, coming under our observation, that sustain the Mormon Polygamy, the assassin of Brassfield, the crime has been denounced in unfeigned terms, and the demand has been sternly made that the assassin be delivered up to justice. We could have filled our journal with editorials upon this subject written by our exchanges. We have not, however, chosen to do so, contenting ourselves in publishing occasionally the opinion of journals located west of the Missouri River. The verdict of the nation is that Brassfield was killed by church officials, and the assassin is known to, and protected by, the church leaders residing in this city.

Careless and reckless, the insulating demands made that the names of those who subscribed the reward offered for the assassin should be published! Cannot they remember how that fearful crime was sustained in Tabernacle sermons, during the recent church conferences, and in the columns of the daily Mormon organ of this city? Cannot they remember how exultant they were until Sherman sent the whole pack of them bowing to their dens.

There are many dark and fearful stains of crime resting upon the history of Utah. They have often been punished. The Mountain Meadow massacre—the Potter, Parish and Forbes' murders, the assassinations of Pike, Neil and Brassfield on the streets of this city, all await the investigation of retributive justice. It is due to the fair name of the loyal men and women of Utah that these crimes be investigated and the guilty punished. The church leaders of Utah are justly chargeable with the recent assassination of Brassfield. That crime was the result of their teachings as witnessed in the church conference last April, and in the collision of the daily organ in this city. Living with us despises the responsibility of this crime—they will surrender the assassin to justice and let the law take its course with him. Until they do this and in view of the words plainly and openly made in church before God and the world, that the killing of Brassfield was the result of church counsels, and that the act is defended by the hands of the Mormon Church. We charge this by the record which is now familiar to every man, woman and child in Utah and in the entire press of this nation.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The telegraph announces the defeat of the bill to add to the Northern Pacific Railroad. This road was to run from Lake Superior and St. Paul, through Northern Minnesota and Dakota, to some point in Montana, and thence to Puget Sound.

The bill was considered a very practicable one, and crossed a country capable of supporting a very large population. The fact of its being a far northern road, avoiding the line of the great central cities, with prospects of aiding Boston and New England, brought upon it the opposition which was successful. It appears that the agents of the Central Pacific were lobbying against the measure, and undoubtedly exercised much influence. The company upon which we depend, and in whose power we shall in a great measure be, in their opposition to such distant roads, a selfishness that would be good for us. From the debate, we expect some day as to whether the proposed road is a wise and/or bona fide. It appears to have been such a bill as deserved defeat, but the question is, are merititious, that we hope another bill will be more successful. In the advocates and opposers of the bill we see but the advocates of self-interest; none taking any broad patriotic view of so important a question. The opposition of Wentworth is probably accounted for on the ground, that the road cuts off Chicago, while Stevens and others favored it because it was the interest of the Pennsylvania iron manufacturers. And so, etc., as of New England advocates of the measure. One member said it was not necessary to have another Pacific railroad than the one now provided for. We would like to know what idea he has of the uses of a Pacific railroad, and what he knows of a country to be crossed and benefited by such a road. That a road is needed simply to connect the two shores of the continent, that another one would be profitable, we never believed, but we believe that a road should be open to the great interior of the country, and that the Government lands made habitable and valuable by the roads should contribute in aid of its construction. The public lands could not otherwise be appropriated to a better use, provided their sale is ordered at limited rates, and the rights of the settlers well guarded. In thus opening the country, the interests of the United States are advanced and it shows an exceeding narrow-mindedness to oppose such measures, when they do not interfere with the interests of certain locality exclusively. —R. D. Roselle.

HOPE writes the poetry of the boy; *despair* the man. The boy looks forward with smiles; man looks backward with sighs—but the young strive to live that the years of life may continue still to the latest hour, to the end that the memory of manhood may be the least embittered with painful recollections.

INDICTED FOR TREASON.

On the 10th inst., the Grand Jury of the United States Court, held at Norfolk, Va., Judge Underwood presiding, brought in a bill indictment Jefferson Davis, President of the United States Government, against the United States Government, on the charge of treason, and an indictment was pronounced at Washington on the copy of the indictment, and on the 13th instant, in consultation with Assistant Attorney General Ashton—the Attorney General being absent in Kentucky. It is quite authoritatively stated that Davis, will be tried under the indictment, when the United States Circuit Court convenes in Richmond next month—that Chief Justice Chase will preside, the indictment having been presented where the treason was committed. Ex-Governor Bradford of Mass., and Ex-Artist of N. Y., are said to be retained to assist the Attorney General in the prosecution, while the text of the indictment is not yet made public, it is understood to be the same as was reported by the Grand Jury at Alexandria some months ago, and which the Government did not then choose to push to a trial. Judge Underwood made a bold and clear charge to the Jury, demanding of it a fearless action and fidelity to the country, even though the same should bring upon it many enemies and murderous assault.

He also repeated in substance his charge to a former Grand Jury, and declared the present Grand Jury knew all the sentiments contained in his former charge. The Grand Jury then retired and soon afterwards returned with the indictment as already mentioned.

The public will, as a matter of course, fully discuss the probable results of the indictment. It is quite certain if Jefferson Davis is tried under it, he will be convicted of the crime of treason. No reasonable man will—in our opinion dispute the proposition. If convicted, there is but one punishment to be awarded by the court. The question naturally arises will this punishment be inflicted? Judging from the evidences of the past we are inclined to think the President will exercise his right of pardon and allow Davis to leave the country, upon the condition that he will never return to it in the future.

It is thought by many high in the counsels of the nation that the Government can afford to exile Davis, permitting him to suffer the same fate that followed Arnold from the day of his treason to the day of his death.

INDIAN MASSACRE AT FT. GOODWIN.

A series report prevails that Fort Goodwin, in Arizona Territory, had been captured by about two thousand Indians, and set on fire; that out of a hundred and twenty-four men stationed there, only one man escaped, and that his escape was owing to the fact that at the time the massacre commenced, he was out, but that he saw the commotion, and saw the fort burning, and also heard the firing of the guns during the fight, which lasted upward of three quarters of an hour. The special messenger who brought the news to Los Angeles states, further, that the General said that some twelve or fifteen days previous to the receipt of this dreadful news he had received a message from the Commanding Officer of Fort Goodwin, stating that the Indians desired to make a treaty of peace, and which asked for instructions; that he instructed him to make the treaty, and that most likely the Indians had gained admission to the Fort under the pretext.

—KRAMER, Sacramento Bee, 6th.

From California, 5th.

(from the Enterprise.)

San Francisco, May 10. Mullen's Wagon Road enterprise has been incorporated, under the name of the California and Idaho Stage and Freight Company, to run a line of stages and fast freight wagons between Chico and Boise City, via Susanville and Ruby City. Capital stock, two hundred thousand dollars. Trustees, John Mullen, John T. French and Geo. B. Crosby.

A contract has been entered into by leading capitalists for the entire product of the New Almaden, New Idra and Lake Quicksilver mines, for the period of two years. All interior agencies, except the Bank of California at Virginia City, have been abolished. The yield of the New Almaden last year was 47,442 ducats; the New Idra, 1,469 ducats, and of the Lake Company, 7,000. Redding & Co. have the sole agency.

A private dispatch from Boston, dated 7th, announces the death of D. S. Lord by a railroad accident. No particulars given. He was a California pioneer.

HIGH WATER.—There have been heavy rains in the northern part of the State, and the consequence is the Sacramento river is much swollen. A great portion of the valley is flooded, and our sister town of Washington is in many parts under water. During yesterday, opposite the city, the Sacramento raised four inches, and at noon to-day it had gained the height of twenty-three and a half feet, above low water mark, the highest height of the season. Since then it has fallen a little. The American river has had but comparatively little to do with this last rise.—Ac. Bee.

To BE MUSTERED OUT.—Captain Street of the 2d California Cavalry has arrived at Carson City from Ft. Churchill, en route for California to be mustered out of service. Capt. Street and his men have been nearly or quite five years in the service, and during that time they have seen some hard fighting among the Indians of Arizona, Utah, New Mexico, and the Nevada frontier. They have left Carson for Shingle Springs.—Enterprise.

PERSONAL.—Rev. Norman McLeod, pastor of the Congregational Church at Great Salt Lake City, having been summoned to Washington to testify before the Territorial Committee of Congress, is now in the city. He is stopping at the Mason House.

Gen. Connor, who commands the military in Utah, is also in town.—Washington Republic, April 1st.

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The Wind River & Cosmopolitan.

Editor Vedette.—Having a residence with many friends here, I would like to know if there is any place where I can go to get a good education.

The winter and spring in that valley are very pleasant. The air is pure and invigorating, especially in the winter and spring in that valley. I am now in a healthy condition, and have a great advantage in the climate here, and there hold out great hope for me.

The greatest interest in this country can be had in the valley of the Wind River, and in the new country. First, the air is pure and invigorating; second, it has the best of water; third, the climate is mild and regular. These three great tonics make the valley of Wind River healthy to a high degree.

Its soil is not second to that of Illinois or Iowa, and there is a sufficiency of good farming land to support a population of two hundred thousand people. The climate will adapt itself to the growth of small grain and fruit, especially apples, and Indian corn can be grown successfully. 100 lbs. potatoes and other vegetables, Fana certain they will yield a heavy per cent. over many other places. There is plenty of timber within the distance of from 6 to 15 miles of any part of the valley, suitable for building and fencing purposes.

The valley is bounded on the north by the Powder River mountains, on the west by the Owl Creek range, on the south and south-west by that part of the Rocky Mountains that contains Fremont's and several other prominent peaks; and on the east by a range of sand hills that border the Battlemente Mountains on the west. Contracting the red sand hills with the snow-clad peaks and evergreen pine and fir timber, at the setting of the sun, makes the "sunset" the most beautiful and picturesque that the eye of man is permitted to behold.

There are two fine oil springs in the valley, one of which sends forth about one hundred barrels of oil per day, about the consistency of molasses. This spring is owned by Mr. Eddy (telegraph operator at Ft. Bridger) & Co. The other, also a valuable spring, is owned by Judge Carter, of Ft. Bridger, and others. We understand that the above named gentlemen intend to improve their property with machinery as soon as easy transportation for the oil can be secured.

There are in the sand hills bordering the valley good indications of stone coal and iron, also many quarries of limestone suitable for building purposes.

The foot-hills and valleys are covered with winter and summer with a luxuriant growth of nutritious grass, which makes it one of the finest grazing regions west of the Mississippi.

The most abundant mineral occurring in the valley is gold, and indications of containing 1000 pounds of gold and silver bearing quartz, which when once developed will greatly enhance the interests of the farmer, securing him a ready and lucrative market at all times for his produce.

To the most industrious farmer and mechanic who will let us settle down and have a home in a healthy locality, I would recommend the valley of Wind River in preference to any place I have a knowledge of.

The winter there was the mildest I have ever seen in the valley, and what little snow fell in the valley, had what little there was went off in a few days.

Stock can be wintered well without feeding. There are great numbers of buffalo and other game in the vicinity.

The above statements are made without any self-interest on my part, but from close observation and unprejudiced judgment, and I hope it will be the means of promoting the interest of a part of the industrious class of men who now inhabit our Territories.

Jno. A. James.

The Virginia Union contains the following dispatch:

Austin, Nev., May 10. The United States Pacific Telegraph Line was completed to this point yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock. The work has been prosecuted with vigor since the first of April, and we are informed by John W. Coleman, who is contractor to construct the line to Salt Lake City, that he will complete the line to that point by the middle of July.

Some rich strikes are being made in mine in the vicinity.

ASSAY OFFICE OF BOHM & MOLITOR. Salt Lake City, May 10.

Mr. J. W. Gibson.

SIR.—A sample of Gibson Lode ore, contains 27.94 oz. of silver, value \$36.23 to the ton of 2000 lbs.

Your sample of Silver ledge ore contains 0.24 oz. of gold, value \$4.96; 55.89 oz. of silver, value \$72.26; 35 percent of copper (value per ton \$400) \$1400.00 total \$517.22 per ton of 2000 lbs. Respectfully yours,

J. W. GIBSON.

In Wilkinson & Fenn's Wholesale Warehouse, East Temple Street, One Door South of New York Store.

Mr. W. G. HIGLEY, lately from the States, will pay particular attention to the Watch and Clock department.

All work warranted.

dear-fif.

PIONEER JEWELRY STORE.

HAVING just returned from San Francisco, I would call the attention of the public to my new stock of goods, consisting of everything in the above line.

J. MEERS,

Pioneer Jewelry Store.

James M. Barlow, Watch Maker,

All work guaranteed.

W. SHOWELL.

Dealer in Hardware, Tools, &c.

Main St., Greenback's Square, Salt Lake City.

Keep constantly in stock a full supply of Family Groceries.

As cheap as the cheapest. We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

John Meeks.

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Local and Miscellaneous.

WANTED. A good Civil Engineer and Captain Govt. Price, of Dixie's headquarters.

JUDGE THOS. J. DRAKE, of the U. S. Supreme Court, started for the East last evening, for the purpose of visiting his home in Michigan.

A YOUNG scoundrel, named Calvin Young, escaped from his confinement from the authorities of Peoria by fleeing to bay, and intercepting the constable sent to arrest him.

A "cigar-ship" (not Ross Winans'), which is fitting out in London, has just made a trip from France to England, propelled by a screw, the diameter of which was only four feet ten inches.

New Postmaster's telegram has been received from Nat. Stien, in New York, saying that he accepts the appointment of Postmaster in this city, and will be here in three weeks.

ARRIVED.—Companies L and M, 2d California Cavalry, arrived at Camp Douglas yesterday, from Stockton, Rush Valley, where they have been through the mountains.

LADY COATS, and strawbats, are becoming very fashionable in this community. Weather warm and cool drinks are in demand. Somebody start an ice cream parlor. I reckon the city will not abate it as a nuisance.

Captain A. Brown, and Len. Wines, District Agent of the Overland Mail Line, started yesterday to select a new route for the above line, via Stockton, Rush Valley, which will give the Stocktonians the benefit of a daily mail and passenger line.

HORACE WHEAT returned from the Pahranagat Mines night before last. He reports everything progressing finely in that region. Several furnaces are in process of erection, and a large number of miners are coming in from Nevada and other points.

LEAVING UTAH.—We observed on Tuesday afternoon a large emigrant party from the San-Pete country en route for the East, being fully satisfied with Mormonism as taught by the Utah leaders. So we were informed and we have no reason to doubt the truth of the statement.

SOLD.—The Government horses advertised for sale at Camp Douglas have all been disposed of at excellent prices. Citizens should avail themselves of such opportunity to secure good animals, at reasonable figures. Such chances do not offer every day.

INDIANS.—We hear many rumors concerning threatening Indian troubles in the southern and south-eastern portion of this Territory. The noble red men of the forest have stolen a large number of oxen, horses, etc., besides killing several residents. The only good Indians on the plains are the dead ones. The life of one white man, woman or child is worth more than all the red scoundrels in existence.

COULDN'T AGREE.—A gentleman who arrived in San Francisco a few days ago from Oregon, says the Sacramento Bee, states that Donahue was tried at Walla Walla two weeks ago on the charge of murder in the first degree. The jury, however, could not agree, seven standing for murder in the first degree, and five for acquittal. It was thought that a new jury would be summing up the case. The notorious Fred Patterson was the individual killed by Donahue.

PARTICULAR NOTICE TO CALIFORNIA VOLUNTEERS.—The Legislature of your State transferred last winter \$250,000 to the General Fund to the Soldiers' Relief Fund, in order to provide for the prompt payment of the monthly pay given by the State to her soldiers. All claims against this fund are payable up to April 30, 1866. This being the case soldiers discharged and receiving their final statement from company commander for the monthly pay of five dollars per month due them from California, for the period of their service, should not despair of getting their money even on the dollar. We will present an illustration—a discharged soldier holds a final statement against California for \$180.00, payable in gold coins—sixty days at the outside is the longest he will be required to wait for his money—at present rates of gold, this final statement is worth \$225 in currency. If he sells the statement at ninety cents in currency, he only receives \$162.00, and the purchaser realizes sixty-three dollars and thirteen cents. We think the final statements are worth even more than ninety cents in currency, and we are quite certain our discharged soldiers will no longer sell their papers at the low rate they have ruled all winter. Remember, now, two dollars monthly statements are really worth thirty cents in difference in the market.

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Local and Miscellaneous.

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We desire to inform the Public to our

large assortments

and fancy

Dry Goods

AND

DROGARIES

and

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etc.

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